# DISCOVERY WELDING CAREER DEVELOPMENT EVENT

RULES AND REGULATIONS
TEAM COMPETITION



ALABAMA FFA ASSOCIATION

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## **Discovery Welding Career Development Event**

#### **PURPOSE:**

This event is designed to help students learn more about various welding processes and gain skills needed to further this career path.

#### **ELIGIBILITY AND REQUIRMENTS:**

- All North District FFA chapters are eligible and may bring a total of 4 competitors.
- Contestants must meet **ALL** the following requirements to be eligible to compete in the contest.
  - Competitors must be on the chapters roster and show as submitted to the National FFA Organization for the current year.
  - Currently in the 7<sup>th</sup> or 8th grade
- If a cell phone or smartwatch is seen or heard in the possession of a competitor, that individual student will be disqualified from the competition and receive a score of zero.

#### **District Awards/Sponsors**

Calhoun Community College Rogers Group Inc

Miller Electric Polaris

Lincoln Electric Turner Construction

**Sexton Welding Supply** 

## **EVENT GENERAL RULES**

- 1. Contest will be scored by industry experts and all scores are final. The lowest scoring individual from each team will not be counted toward the team score.
- 2. All competitors will need to bring pencils and a clipboard.
- 3. Contestants may not communicate with teammates other than during the team activity.
- 4. Participants must stay with their assigned group. Contest Officials will not attempt to locate a participant that is in the wrong group.
- 5. Participants will have <u>30 minutes</u> to complete the test portion, and <u>10 minutes</u> to complete team activity. Contest Official have the option to extend the time for all contestants but not decrease the allowed time. When time is called all participants must stop.
- 6. FFA advisors, parents, bus drivers, or anyone affiliated with the participants are not allowed in the shop area during the contest.
- 7. The top four teams and high scoring individual will be recognized after the contest.
- 8. Tiebreaker Policy- 1) Highest team test score, 2) Highest Team Activity score

## **Contest Layout**

#### 1) Test Portion

a. The test will consist of 40 questions pulled from the study guide. The test will be multiple choice and use a ZipGrade sheet.

#### 2) Equipment/Tool Id

- a. Minimum of ten items will be displayed by pictures on a screen and/or real equipment. The items selected will be general Equipment/Tools used in the welding industry and come from the Equipment List.
- b. Competitors will have to write the correct name. Misspelled or unreadable answers will be counted incorrect.
- c. Competitors will receive a copy of the Equipment list to use during this section.

#### 3) Team Activity

- a. Competitors will have multiple welds that they will visually inspect as a team. Students will use the grading rubric for this portion.
- b. Students should know what each welding process looks like, what different SMAW electrode welds look like, and all visual defects.
- c. If no weld defects are noticed, then NONE should be written in the answer box.
- d. Correct welding terminology should be used when answering all questions.
- e. Partial points will not be given except on the weld defect section.
- f. The blank question section will be filled in day of contest and will not be known to competitors until contest day.

# **Discovery Welding CDE District Tabulation Sheet**

Participant	Event Phase (	Event Phase (Maximum Score) Participant Score				
Participant #1	Written Exam	Written Exam 100 pts				
	Equipment/Tool Ide	•				
	Team Activity	60 pts				
	•	Participant # 1's Total				
		(Maximum score possib	ole is 260			
		points)				
Participant #2	Written Exam	100 pts				
	Equipment/Tool Ide	ntification 100 pts				
	Team Activity	60 pts				
		Participant # 2's Total				
		(Maximum score possib	ole is 260			
		points)				
Participant #3	Written Exam	100 pts				
	Equipment/Tool Ide	ntification 100 pts				
	Team Activity	60 pts				
		Participant # 3's Total				
		(Maximum score possib	ole is 260			
		points)				
Participant #4	Written Exam	100 pts				
	Equipment/Tool Ide	ntification 100 pts				
	Team Activity	60 pts				
		Participant # 4's Tot (Maximum score possib points)				
		TOTAL TEAM SCOR				
TEAM		(Top 3 participant scores				
RANKING		team score. The maximum is 780 points.)	n score possible			
<u> </u>		10 7 00 points.)				

# **Team Activity Sheet**

# FFA CHAPTER NAME:

			14111 1 0 1 4
Weld	Questions		Write in Correct Answer
Weld #1	Welding Process Used	10 pts	
110.0 11		10 pts	
	Welding Position	10 pts	
	Weld Joint Type	10 pts	
	List any weld defects	20 pts	
Weld #2	Welding Process Used	10 pts	
		10 pts	
	Welding Position	10 pts	
	Weld Joint Type	10 pts	
	List any weld defects	20 pts	
Weld #3	Welding Process Used	10 pts	
		10 pts	
	Welding Position	10 pts	
	Weld Joint Type	10 pts	
	List any weld defects	20 pts	
Weld #4	Welding Process Used	10 pts	
		10 pts	
	Welding Position	10 pts	
	Weld Joint Type	10 pts	
	List any weld defects	20 pts	

#### Middle School Welding Equipment/Tool Id List

Acetylene Cylinder

Anvil C Clamp Center Punch Chipping Hammer

**Chop Saw** 

**Combination Square** 

Cutting Disc Cylinder Cart Drill Press

Electrode Holder

File

Fillet Weld Gauge Flux Cord Wire Fuel Regulator

**GMAW Power Source** 

Grease Gun

**GTAW Power Source** 

Hand Grinder MagDrill Metal Scribe MIG Gun Mig Wire

Needle Nose Pilers Needle Scaler

Oxy-Fuel Cutting Torch
Oxygen Cylinder
Oxygen Regulator

Plasma Cutting Machine Portable Band Saw

SMAW Power Source

Stick Electrode Tape Measure

Tig Torch

Tiger Paw/Flap grinding disk

Tip Cleaner Try Square

**Tungsten Electrodes** 

Vise Grips

Welding Magnet

Welper Wire Brush Level

Auto Darkening Welding Hood

Steel Toed Boots TIG Collet Body Welding Gloves Wire Wheel

Anvil Cup Brush

Tungsten Grinder MIG gun diffusor MIG gun nozzle Face Shield Ground Clamp Wire Feeder (MIG)

Track Torch

Voltage Setting on MIG Machine

Foot Pedal (for TIG) Mixed Gas Regulator Passive Welding Hood Welding Magnets

Nozzle Gel

MIG Contact Tip

Wire Speed Setting on MIG Machine

**TIG Backing Cap** 

TIG Collet TIG Nozzle

Pedestal Grinder
Pipe Wraparound

Soapstone

	Name	Date	
	Class	Quiz	
Kev	Student ZipGrade	ID.	
Key Version		■ A B C D E ■ A B C D E	ciase all stray marks completely.
B	1 0000	0 11 0 0 0 0 31 0 0 0 0	<u> </u>
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_	9 0000	0 19 0 0 0 0 39 0 0 0 0	_
	0 0 0 0	20 0 0 0 40 0 0 0	
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Teachers: Hold paper on flat surface when grading. Be aware of bright lights and shadows.	7 0 0 0	O 27 O O O O 47 O O O O	
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ading. ows.	9 0 0 0	O 29 O O O O 49 O O O O	
	10 ( ) ( ) ( )	O 30 O O O O O O O O O	

### MULTIPLE CHOICE

1.	The practice of uniting a. plumbing b. welding	ng meta	l parts by heating o	c.	ompression is called transforming direct current
	ANS: B	PTS:	1		
2.	The metal to be joine a. standard metal b. tack metal	ed or we	elded together is cla	c.	ned as the base metal bead
	ANS: C	PTS:	1		
3.	The discharge of electric a. arc b. gap  ANS: A	etrictiy t		c.	
4.	Flux coated metal we a. flux b. beads  ANS: C	elding ro		c.	electrodes sticks
5.	The external material a. a shield b. flux ANS: B	l on elec		c.	purities form the base metal is called slag paste
6.	The layer formed on top is called a. flux b. bead ANS: D	top of the			flux and impurities of the base metal floating to the puddle slag
7.	A small weld to hold a. tack weld b. bead ANS: A		etals together temp		temporary work load
8.	The molten part of tha. bead b. current ANS: D	PTS:		eing c. d.	
9.	The metal that is dep called the	osited b	y the electrode, we	eldir	ng wire or filler rod during the welding process is

	<ul><li>a. bead</li><li>b. base metal</li></ul>			c. d.	
	ANS: A	PTS:	1		
10.	The maximum pull in a. auxillary strength	•	ls per square inch		a weld can withstand is referred to as compression strength
	b. psi	.11			tensile strength
	ANS: D	PTS:	1		
11	An association or so	ciety the	at establishes code	c and	d standards for the welding industry is known as the
11.	a. American Wedl				American Welding Society
	b. Society of Amer	cian W	elders	d.	National Metal Organization
	ANS: C	PTS:	1		
12.	An arc welding proc	ess that	uses flux coated re	ods i	s called
	a. TIG welding				MIG welding
	b. stick welding			d.	wire welding
	ANS: B	PTS:	1		
13.	Another name for st	ick weld	ling is		
	a. SMAW		_		TIG
	b. MIG			d.	GMAW
	ANS: A	PTS:	1		
14.	SMAW stands for				
	a. Shielded Materi		-		Standard Metal Arc Welding
	b. Shielded Metal	Arc Wel	lding	d.	Standard Material Arc Welding
	ANS: B	PTS:	1		
15.	An arc welding procealled	ess that	uses a wire that is	fed	automatically at a constant speed as an electrode is
	a. TIG welding			c.	wire welding
	b. brazing				stick welding
	ANS: C	PTS:	1		
16	Another name for w	ire weld	ino is		
10.	a. MIG welding	110 ,, 010	ang is	c.	brazing
	b. TIG welding			d.	SMAW
	ANS: A	PTS:	1		
17.	MIG stands for				
	a. Material Inactiv	e Gas		c.	Material Inverted Gas
	b. Metal Inert Gas			d.	Metal Inverted Gas
	ANS: B	PTS:	1		
18.	An arc welding proc	ess that	uses a tungsten tip	and	filler rod to create a bead shielded by gas is called
	a. TIG			c.	SMAW
	b. MIG			d.	stick welding

c. filler metal

a. bead

	ANS: A	PTS:	1		
19.	TIG stands for a. Teranium Inert G b. Tungsten Inert G			c. d.	Teranium Inactive Gas Tungsten Inverted Gas
	ANS: B	PTS:	1		
20.	Both MIG and TIG wa. GMAWb. SMAW	velding	can also be referre		WMAW
	ANS: A	PTS:	1		
21.	GMAW stands for a. Gas Material Arc b. Gas Metal Advar		-	c. d.	Gas Material Advanced Welding Gas Metal Arc Welding
	ANS: D	PTS:	1		
22.	A process that uses b a. Oxyacetylene b. Acetygen	oth oxy	gen and acetylene		cutting or welding is reffered to as Oxylene OA welding
	ANS: A	PTS:	1		
23.	Which of the following a. diesel fuel b. propane	ng gase	es can serve as an a	c.	native for acetylene? Argon CO2
	ANS: B	PTS:	1		
24.	Which of the following a. butane b. gasoline ANS: A	ng gase PTS:			native for acetylene? kerosene Argon
25	Which of the following	<b>n</b> a ang	og oon gomeo og on o	1+~~	active for acctulone?
23.	a. helium b. oxygen	ng gase	es can serve as an a	c.	kerosene natural gas
	ANS: D	PTS:	1		
26.	A welding process us a. branding b. soldering	sing the	oxyacetylene rig i	s ref c. d.	brazing
	ANS: C	PTS:	1		
27.	Tips used in oxyacety a. one b. two	ylene w	relding have how n	nany c. d.	
	ANS: A	PTS:	1		

28.	Which of the following statements is true conce a. A small tip is used for thick metal.		ng torch tips for the oxyacetylene rig?  Tip size does not matter when brazing.
	b. 000 size tip is smaller than a size 10 tip	d.	Tip numbers range up to 100.
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
29.	Which of the following statements is <b>not</b> true c a. The acetylene hose has notched fittings.		erning the oxyacetylene rig?  The oxygen hose is green in color.
	<ul><li>b. The oxygen hose has fittings that are not notched.</li></ul>		The acetylene hose is orange in color.
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
30.	Which of the following statements is <b>not</b> true c a. The oxygen operating pressure must be set at 80 psi.		
	b. Never operate acetylene pressure at 15 psi or more.	d.	The work area must be properly ventilated.
	ANS: A PTS: 1		
31.	Which of the following statements is <b>not</b> true c a. Wear protective clothing.	onc c.	erning the oxyacetylene rig?  The acetylene hose has fittings with left-handed threads.
	b. Stand in front of the gauges when opening the cylinders so you can see the amount of pressure.		The oxygen hose has fittings with right-handed threads.
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
32.			to a base metal? It is the key to success in brazing.
	<ul><li>a. fusion</li><li>b. welding</li></ul>		tinning bonding
	ANS: C PTS: 1		
33.	When brazing, what is the phrase that means to achieve temperature control?		
	<ul><li>a. "work the flame"</li><li>b. "control the flame"</li></ul>		"alter the flame" "play the flame"
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
34.	Acetylene is dangerous because it is		
	<ul><li>a. compressed</li><li>b. flammable</li></ul>	c. d.	1
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
35.	Gas leaks on the oxyacetylene rig are checked v	with	
	<ul><li>a. compressed air</li><li>b. a flame</li></ul>	c.	soapy water teflon
	ANS: C PTS: 1		

36.	Removing gas from		• •	
	a. bleeding the line	es	c.	blowing out the lines
	b. gas removal		d.	fuel and air removal
	ANS: A	PTS: 1		
37.	The acetylene cylind	ler valve is no	ever opened more	than
	a. a half turn		c.	two turns
	b. one turn		d.	it doesn't matter
	ANS: A	PTS: 1		
38.	A device on an oxya	cetylene rig t	hat controls the fl	ow of gas is called a
	a. gauge			cylinder
	b. regulator		d.	torch
	ANS: B	PTS: 1		
39.		ing types of f	lames is the corre	ct one for heating and cutting with the oxyacetylene
	rig?			
	a. brazing flame			carbonizing flame
	b. oxidizing flame		d.	neutral flame
	ANS: D	PTS: 1		
40.		orn for stick		red to have what number shaded lens?
	a. No. 5			No. 12
	b. No. 10		d.	No. 15
	ANS: B	PTS: 1		
41.		ggles worn w	hen using the oxy	acetylene torch should be what number shaded
	lens? a. No. 5			No. 10
	a. No. 3 b. No. 8			No. 10 No. 12
	U. 1NU. 0		u.	140. 12
	ANS: A	PTS: 1		
42.		me that a wel		ithout overheating is referred to as the
	a. work load			current load
	b. life cycle		d.	duty cycle
	ANS: D	PTS: 1		
43.		elder should	•	any minutes out of every hour at full capacity?
	a. 10 minutes			15 minutes
	b. 12 minutes		d.	20 minutes
	ANS: B	PTS: 1		
44.	Current that reserves			
	a. Alternating curr	ent		Recycled current
	b. Direct current		d.	Replaced current
	ANS: A	PTS: 1		
45.	Current that flows in	one direction	n according to ho	w the welder is set is referred to as

	b. Direct current	d.	Replaced current
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
46.	A device on AC welders that convert high voltage and high amperage is referred to as a. transformers b. recifiers	c.	and low amperage from utility power lines to low inverters converters
	ANS: A PTS: 1	u.	converters
47.	The "E" in E6013 stands for what according to a. Energy b. Electric	c.	Numerical Coding for Electrodes? Energizer Electrode
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
48.	<ul> <li>The "60" in E6013 represents what according to a. tensile strength in hundreds of pounds per square inch</li> <li>b. tensile strength in thousands of pounds per square inch</li> </ul>	c.	compression strength in hundreds of pounds per square inch
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
49.	The "1" in E6013 represents what according to a. welding material b. welding size	c.	Numerical Coding for Electrodes? welding current welding position
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
50.	The "3" in E6013 represents what according to a. welding material b. welding size	c.	
	ANS: C PTS: 1		
51.	Which of the following would <b>not</b> be considered a. overhead b. flat	ed a c. d.	welding position? horizontal lateral
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
52.	In the MIG welding process, gas pressure shou a. 10-15 psi b. 25-30 psi	c.	e set at approximately 40-50 psi It doesn't matter
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
53.	The types of gas used in the MIG welding proca. Acetylene b. Argon	c.	
	ANS: A PTS: 1		
54.	Which of the following gases is considered to b	oe fl	ammable:

c. Recycled current

a. Alternating current

	<ul><li>a. argon</li><li>b. CO2</li></ul>	c. d.	acetylene They are all flammable
	ANS: C PTS: 1		
55.	What is one advantage of MIG welding over st	tick v	welding?
	a. It can be used to weld thicker gauge metal.		
	b. It does not have slag to be chipped off.	d.	There are no advantages.
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
56.	Most MIG welding equipment is		
	<ul><li>a. manual</li><li>b. robotic</li></ul>	c. d.	automatic semiautomatic
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
57.	Which of the following is not a weld defect?		
	<ul><li>a. undercut</li><li>b. insufficient penetration</li></ul>		pits behind cut
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
58.	In the TIG welding process, which of the follow	wing	g is <b>not</b> true?
	a. Tungsten electrodes are not consumed		A filler rod is normally used when
	during the welding process. b. Gas pressure should be set at	d.	welding especially on thicker metal.  Tungsten electrodes have a very low
	approximately 25-30 psi.		melting point.
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
59.	In the TIG welding process, which of the followa. It produces a cleaner bead than MIG		g is <b>not</b> true? It is faster than MIG
	b. Argon can be used as the shielding gas		It is easier to weld thinner gauge metal than with stick welding.
	ANS: C PTS: 1		
60.	Which of the following is not a part of the TIG	wel	ding torch?
	<ul><li>a. gauge</li><li>b. collet body</li></ul>		collet Tungsten electrode
	ANS: A PTS: 1		8
61.	Which of the following types of fire extinguish	ners s	should be available for use in the welding area?
	<ul><li>a. Class A only</li><li>b. Class B only</li></ul>		Class C only Class A, B and C
	ANS: D PTS: 1	ч.	Class 11, D and C
62.	Which of the following is needed in the weld:	ina s	area in case of emergency?
02.	a. ladder	c.	fire blanket
	b. welding gas	d.	spare electrodes
	ANS: C PTS: 1		

63.	To start an arc by touching the metal with the a. tapping method b. touching method	electrode and then raising it is known as the c. down and up method d. arcing method
	ANS: A PTS: 1	
64.	To start an arc by dragging the electrode acro a. arcing method b. start up method	ss the metal about an inch is known as the c. scratch method d. dragging method
	ANS: C PTS: 1	
65.	When welding, one bead or layer of filler met a. path b. pass	tal is known as a/an c. weave d. foundation bead
	ANS: B PTS: 1	
66.	<ul><li>a. foundation pass</li><li>b. initial pass</li></ul>	ing process, the first pass made in a joint is called the c. root pass d. base pass
	ANS: C PTS: 1	
67.	Another name for a fillet weld is called a/an a. "T" weld b. "Butt" weld	c. "Lap" weld d. "Overhang" weld
	ANS: A PTS: 1	
68.	The angle of the electrode when stick welding a. 90 degrees from the vertical position b. 60 degrees from the vertical position	c. 30-45 degrees from the vertical position
	ANS: D PTS: 1	
69.	Which of the following can help you determine a. the sound of the arc b. the appearance of the bead ANS: D PTS: 1	
70.	An arc that is the correct length when stick wa. water boiling b. bacon frying	elding should sound like c. eggs boiling d. the sound doesn't matter
	ANS: B PTS: 1	
71.	If the arc length is too long when stick welding a. booing b. scratching	ng, a sound is heard.  c. soft d. squealing
	ANS: A PTS: 1	
72.	<ul><li>What happens if the arc length is too short what a. The metal gets too hot.</li><li>b. The welder will shut off.</li></ul>	nen stick welding?  c. The electrode sticks to the metal. d. Nothing. It needs to be short.

73.	What will be the result if the amperage is set to a. The molten puddle will burn a hole in the base metal.					
	b. It will be difficult to strike the arc and keep it running.	d.	It will cause a lot of splatter.			
	ANS: B PTS: 1					
74.	What will be the result if the amperage is set too low when stick welding?					
	a. Nothing will happen.		It will result in a narrow, stringy bead.			
	b. The welder will shut off.	d.	It will result in a wide bead.			
	ANS: C PTS: 1					
75.	Indicators of excessive heat when welding would include:					
	a. the puddle burns through the metal	c.	neither a nor b			
	b. the arc is very noisy	d.	both a and b			
	ANS: D PTS: 1					
76.	Indicators of excessive heat when welding would include:					
	a. It is difficult to manage the puddle.	c.	The bead is wavy.			
	b. The arc will not strike.	d.	The bead is narrow.			
	ANS: A PTS: 1					
77.	A bead is a bead that is made without	ut w	eaving.			
	a. stringer		line			
	b. flat	d.	restricted			
	ANS: A PTS: 1					
78.	The is a low spot in metal where the force of a flame has pushed out molten metal.					
	a. hole		crater			
	b. puddle	d.	convex			
	ANS: C PTS: 1					
79.	When stick welding several beads on top of ea	ther, slag must be removed after each bead is				
	welded or there will be inside the w		.,			
	<ul><li>a. hot pockets</li><li>b. puddles</li></ul>	c.	voids You don't have to remove the slag.			
	ANS: C PTS: 1	u.	Tou don't have to remove the stag.			
	ANS. C 115. 1					
80.	Which of the following types of pipe should have the most ventilation to the work area when welding?					
	a. mild steel		galvanized It doesn't matter.			
	b. stainless steel	a.	it doesn't matter.			
	ANS: C PTS: 1					
81.	The output of a welder is relatively					
	a. low voltage and high amperage	c.				
	b. high voltage and low amperage	a.	low voltage and low amperage			

ANS: C

PTS: 1

	ANS: A	PTS: 1				
82.	A chipping hammer i a. prepare edges for b. remove scale from	welding		temper beads remove slag		
	ANS: D	PTS: 1				
83.	Which of the following a. welding helmet b. safety glasses	ng would <b>not</b> be o	c.	safety item when welding. welding gloves spare electrodes		
	ANS: D	PTS: 1				
84.	The temperature of tha. 400 degrees Fb. 840 degrees F	e electric weldinş	g arc is abou c. d.	1800 degrees F		
	ANS: D	PTS: 1				
85.	Welding tables should a. concrete b. masonite	d be made of	c. d.	metal wood		
	ANS: C	PTS: 1				
86.	Burning clothes on a a. fire blanket b. fire extinguisher	human should be	extinguished c. d.	sand		
	ANS: A	PTS: 1				
87.	Water in a welding an a. receiving sparks b. extinguishing fire	from piercing	c. d.	cooling metal all of the above		
	ANS: D	PTS: 1				
88.	If only one kind of elea. E6010 b. E6011	ectrode for all stic	c.	s to be purchased, the best choice is an E6013 E7018		
	ANS: B	PTS: 1				
89.	For most welding in a a. 1/16 inch b. 1/8 inch	gricultural mech	c.	t electrode size is 3/16 inch 1/4 inch		
	ANS: B	PTS: 1				
90.	The correct arc length when welding is approximately a. 1/8 inch b. 1/4 inch c. 3/8 inch d. 1/2 inch					
	ANS: A	PTS: 1	u.			

91.	<ul><li>When welding, the c</li><li>a. daylight</li><li>b. flourescent light</li></ul>		c. d.	light from the arc all of the above
	ANS: C	PTS: 1		
92.	The appearance and a. amps b. angle	strength of a bead are influ	uenc c. d.	speed
	ANS: D	PTS: 1		
93.	The recommended wa. circular b. figure eight	veave pattern for the begin	c.	g weldor doing down hand welding is J T
	ANS: A	PTS: 1		
94.	In metal, the most ra a. down b. up	pid movement of heat is	c. d.	horizontal equal in all directions
	ANS: B	PTS: 1		
95.	To make a hole with a. cutting b. electroding	an electrode is called		piercing brazing
	ANS: C	PTS: 1		
96.	The best amperage s a. 25 % b. 50 %	etting for cutting with a st	c.	welder is higher than for welding. 75 % 100 %
	ANS: B	PTS: 1		
97.		ing welds is the most diffic	c.	
	ANS: D	PTS: 1		
98.	Joining parts by mela. oxidation b. carbonizing	ting them together is know	c.	fusion welding heat welding
	ANS: C	PTS: 1		
99.		np attached to an electrical d to the welder is called a	c.	ole and is not insulated and carries current between welder clamp positive clamp
	ANS: B	PTS: 1		
100.	How many cables do a. 1	pes a welder have?	c.	3