FARM SAFETY IS FFA PROJECT THIS YEAR

Secretary Benson Speaks On Farm Safety

Here are highlights of the address by Secretary of Agriculture Ezra Taft Benson on "Farm Safety," before the President's Conference on Occupational Safety.

1. The Secretary says accidents are one of the primary enemies of human happiness. The only preparation for the tragedy of accidents...is preparation to prevent them. Safety measures would help protect the happiness of millions.

2. We are concerned not only about the safety of employed persons...but also about the safety of their families. In farm homes there are five disabling accidents for every three in farm work. Farm safety therefore is a family affair.

3. More farm workers are killed by accident than in any other major occupation...3,700 last year. Another 310,000 farm workers suffered disabling injuries. The farm death rate per person employed was exceeded only by the mining and construction industries. The number of farm residents — men, women and children — killed accidentally last year was 13,000...and 1,100,000 others were disabled.

4. The National Safety Council estimates that the accidental death rate of farm residents declined from 62.4 deaths per 100,000 persons in 1950 to 58.5 in 1955. This is significant in view of the increase in farm mechanization, use of electric power and more lethal and toxic pesticides, and other activities requiring special knowledge and skills.

5. Farm children often are exposed to accident hazards, and farm youths often are injured for lack of safety training. In more than 10,000 fatal farm accidents from 1950 to 1953, three out of ten of the victims were less than 20 years old. One out of 12 was under five years of age.

6. Motor vehicles are the principal killers of farm persons. Rural highways are more hazardous than city streets. About 1,100 farm persons lose their lives in tractor accidents every year...one-third of them on highways. Three-fourths of all motor vehicle fatalities occur on rural highways.

7. Needless accidents not only cause deaths, but financial loss...about $1,500,000,000 annually. There is a need for safety research...which lags behind other research for helping farm people.

STATE ADVISOR RECOVERING AT HOME

Mr. J. C. Cannon, State FFA Advisor, had a heart attack September 14th in Tuscaloosa and was confined in the hospital there until October 5th.

His condition is much improved and he was taken to his home at 2738 Sumter Avenue, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 5th of October where he will remain until completely recovered.

We all wish for him a speedy recovery.

Pisgah Chapter Promotes Farm Safety

In recent years many accidents have happened on the farm and in the farm shop in the Pisgah, Alabama locality. Determined to offset this great enemy of the human race, the Pisgah FFA Chapter set out to whip it by sponsoring an annual community-wide safety program and adopting this special project as a major part of their yearly activity program.

As the FFA motto clearly states..."Learning to do; doing to learn," the Pisgah, Alabama Chapter of Future Farmers of America eagerly started their campaign for farm safety by first learning the causes of accidents and secondly setting up ways and means of prevention.

Realizing that the farm shop is the scene of many accidents, the Pisgah FFA Chapter has undertaken a group project to rid the community of such dangers. First of all farm shop machinery is given a thorough check-up, repaired, and arranged in a convenient and safe working position. Next helmets and goggles and other protective devices are placed by the machine with which they should be used. And before members are allowed to undertake any job, thorough instructions are given.

Transportation accidents are something that has not been overlooked by these safety-minded individuals. They have achieved numerous goals ranging from enrolling in driver’s education courses to building more stable truck and trailer beds. In the use of farm equipment and tools they have practically performed miracles — keeping equipment in good repair, teaching members to read instructions, and many, other activities pertaining to this phase of safety have constituted a big job, but one well accomplished.

As to safety around livestock, members performed such functions as dehorning cattle, giving special attention to sick animals, and placing rings in the noses of bulls. Chemicals can cause injuries and safety at Pisgah has been achieved by such means as disposing of empty containers, washing thoroughly after application, and storing in original, marked, and closed containers.

"Smoky the Bear" has many cooperating friends in the Pisgah FFA boys. Preventing forest as well as farm and home fires has been a number one goal of these boys. Practicing fire drills, plowing ditches around woodlands, conducting programs against rats, and providing...Continued on page 4

NEW OFFICERS—(Left to right) Jacky Pennington, Sulligent, Reporter; Ronald Rogers, Prattville, President; George Guess, Jr., Stevenson, Vice President; Lawrence Lipscomb, Foley, Treasurer; Johnny Jenkins, Geneva, Secretary; T. L. Faulkner, Auburn, Executive Secretary; and J. C. Cannon, Montgomery, Advisor.
You Can Be A Leader For Safety

By HAROLD E. HELDRETH
National Safety Council

Do you want to influence people, to make a mark in life, to be pointed out as an example, to receive recognition, to have others say, "Yes, he has made my life a little better?" Then you want to be a leader.

If you would remember that every moment that you are not alone — you may be influencing someone, you may be setting an example, you are a leader. Your kid brother, your best friend, the man on the farm next to yours, or maybe a guy you’ve never even met, but who saw you run a stop sign, are all a part of your audience.

You have a tremendous amount of influence. Every action or lack of action is a yardstick by which you are being measured. How do you measure up? The kind of leader that you are, the way you use your influence, what example you set — only you can decide.

Be concerned about others! Safety is a social and moral cause, and furthermore it is good manners.

To a surprising degree there is a superstitious belief that misfortunes such as accidents "just happen" or that "they can’t happen to me." Correction of this negative attitude toward accident prevention is the greatest problem in safety education. Some rural areas have found that most accidents can be eliminated through systematic planning and efforts of all individuals and all agencies of community life.

The prevention of accidents is a national effort that involves many people in all walks of life. In industry, where safety engineers and safety directors work on this problem full time, the accident rate has been reduced by more than fifty per cent in recent years, but accident prevention in rural communities has not kept pace. However, you as a leader can join the national effort to prevent accidents.

A good safety program should be based on the major needs of the immediate community and should be developed on a year ’round basis. The goals should be to make each member of every family safety conscious while at home, at work, at play and on the highway. This program will stimulate pride of achievement by each individual member taking part.

LEADERSHIP IMPORTANT

Remember that your leadership is a most important factor in the success of a safety program.

If your community or county has a safety committee, find out its goals and offer your cooperation and the cooperation of your youth group. Of course, you can carry out an effective safety program even though there is no safety committee in your county. You will find that safety work provides a splendid opportunity for community service.

You can build an effective safety program around learning to recognize hazards, eliminating them or learning how to cope with them. Your habits and attitudes are important because they set an example. You can create positive action by beginning in your immediate circle of friends. Talk to your teachers, your club leaders, your parents and your friends. Future Farmers of America Chapters, Future Homemakers Councils, farm organization youth groups and others are found in most rural communities. All of these have as one of their objectives the teaching of safety for more wholesome living. They may assist in solving many of the safety problems with which the community is faced.

Young people have developed effective safety programs by:

- Actively taking part in safety activities in the community.
- Assuring responsibility for respecting laws and regulations.
- Cooperating with youth and adult groups in planning community safety programs.
- Conducting systematic and periodic hazard hunts on their home farm and neighbors’ farms.
- Developing safety demonstrations and plays and presenting them before rural groups.
- Teaching their families to consistently practice safe habits at work, at play, and on the highway.
- Encouraging local youth groups to take part in national, state and local safety contests.
- Do ing an effective job in promoting safety in your community requires more than being basically interested and giving casual "lip service" to the accident-prevention problem.

Continued on page 4
vention problem. Sure, we all want to be leaders, but do you realize that being a good leader means carrying many responsibilities?

SOME RESPONSIBILITIES

Go to meetings even though you would rather stay home.
Give freely of your time and ideas.
Ask yourself, "What Can I Do?" rather than "What Can I Get Out Of Doing?"
Be a booster rather than a knocker.
Believe in safety and express this belief by practicing safety as well as talking about safety.
Furthermore, a good leader must also be a good follower!

Effective safety programs gain recognition when young people become actively interested and assume individual responsibility. The most important contribution that you can make to the safety of your family, friends and community is to recognize your individual responsibility and take advantage of your influence on people.

POSITIVE INFLUENCE

Each day you are acting as a leader of men. It is important to know that you are a positive influence. You should be always alert to those who are a part of your life and to the effect that you have on them. Set the example that will save your life and their's too. REMEMBER, you can have influence and you can be a leader.

SAFETY—A Moral Obligation

By R. H. HOY

In a day and a day when life is speeded up at such a fast tempo, we need to “play it safe” more than ever before. Life today is more complex and mechanized. We use more gadgets, motors and machinery. Especially on the farm, which twenty-five years ago was rather simple and less mechanized, we have now a multitude of electric motors, gas-propelled machines, and labor saving devices which greatly increase the risks and dangers of our lives.

Recently I read the statement that more children die from accidents than from any other cause. These little children God-given, and entrusted to our care and nurture, are the most precious possessions we have. We need to exercise the utmost care and caution in preventing harm from coming to them.

A grandfather once told me about the time he went to visit his first grandson. As he was in his arms and he looked down into his eyes, he seemed to hear God say to him: "I place this babe, pure and innocent, in your arms. I am entrusting it to your care. You have a definite responsibility for its welfare. See that when it comes back to me, at the end of its earthly life, that it is just as pure and innocent and unblemished as it was when it was given to you.”

So many accidents are caused by carelessness and thoughtlessness. An old board pile where rusty nails point upward, an unprotected electric outlet, an old rickety ladder, forks carelessly used or left about the barn, and guns which “we were sure were unloaded” are usually the cause of many uncalled for accidents and tragedies.

Trucks and tractors cause their share of accidents, many of them fatal. Some time ago I read of a father backing his truck out of the barn, running over his little son, fatally injuring him. Another youngster was badly injured by riding with his head sticking out of an open car window. All the remorse and self-condemnation one might experience, cannot restore such a precious little life.

Yes, these little ones were given to us as a trust. In the Bible Job tells us that a foolish father provides no safety for his children. Eternal vigilance is the price of safety. We often become careless in letting our children ride on tractors and other pieces of moving machinery. Let us think twice, use the utmost caution, that when it comes back to me, at the end of its earthly life, that it is just as pure and innocent and unblemished as it was when it was given to you.”

Our corn storage bin is high off the ground, and this elevator will speed up unloading and take most of the work out of the job.” Raymond says. He also has built a bench saw, jig saw, two portable fans, and a pea sheller. A speed reducer built in the school farm shop is used to attach electric motors to the ice cream freezer, meat grinder, and corn sheller. Other jobs have included converting a grindstone to use electric power, building a desk lamp, and a portable light.

Young Junkin owns about $100 worth of tools that he has purchased with money earned through his supervised farming program in vocational agriculture. He has three electric motors that

FARM SAFETY

Continued from page 2

er systems are a minor few of the many jobs accomplished.

Safe use of electricity has also been accomplished at Pisgah. Such activities as replacing worn out and frayed electric cords, encouraging the use of low ampereage fuses, grounding electrical equipment, and spending two class weeks in studying safe principles and procedures of electricity.

An outstanding program in farm safety has brought the Pisgah FFA Chapter success in elimination of farm accidents and also first place in the state of Alabama in the "Farm Safety Contest."
he obtained secondhand and rebuilt, and a fourth motor that he built from a kit.

The Jenkins have a 96-acre farm seven miles north of Reform, following a diversified program of crops and livestock with cotton for a cash crop. Raymond's own farming program during the past year included six acres of corn, two and a half acres of cotton, three-tenths acre in truck crops, one dairy cow and one sow.

Three other Future Farmers received awards of $200 each as winners of regional awards in farm Electrification. They are Harold H. Harper, 19, of Dry Fork, West Virginia, a member of the Harman FFA chapter; Kenneth E. Krause, 18, Route 1, Kilbourne, Illinois, a member of the Easton FFA chapter, and Jimmy Ray Mathews, 17, Las Vegas, New Mexico.

Funds for the awards were provided by the Future Farmers of America Foundation, Inc., which is supported by annual contributions from some 300 business and industrial firms, organizations, and individuals. Representatives of the Foundation donors were platform guests during the convention session when awards were announced. Each of the four winners previously had received $100 for being tops in his State, and they shared a $250 fund that is provided to help pay their expenses to Kansas City.

--- FFA ---

Jemison Club Operates Roadside Fruit Stand

Jemison FFA members have busied themselves as salesmen during the summer months as operators of a fruit and vegetable roadside stand. L. C. Shields, their vo-ag teacher, reports that the boys displayed good salesmanship abilities and made a nice profit for the FFA chapter. He says that the boys offered a variety of farm produce to the traveling consumers and members of the community who noticed the vegetable and fruit stand and stopped to fill their grocery needs with fresh, health-giving products.

O. L. HUNT, Advisor at Millport, congratulates Dan Richards, showmanship winner at the Fayette District show.

--- FFA ---

Millport Scores At Dairy Show

Millport members showed 19 head of registered cattle at the Fayette District Dairy Show, September 6 and 7.

Their judging team won first place. Members of the team are: Dan Richards, Bobby Ray, Larry Hunt. They will compete at Birmingham, October 1.

Dan Richards won first place in showmanship and best fitted. They showed five first place animals.

Larry Hunt showed the Grand Champion registered Jersey of the show.

--- FFA ---

Mrs. Turner E. Smith Awards FFA Scholarship

In memory of her late husband, Turner E. Smith, a native of Madison County, Alabama, Mrs. Smith has established an educational trust fund, the proceeds from which are to be awarded annually to Alabama's outstanding FFA member. This trust fund is managed by a self-perpetuating advisory board, insuring its permanency through the years.

Since Mr. Smith pioneered in the publishing of high school books on vocational agriculture written especially for the South, Mrs. Smith chose the Alabama FFA to receive this award. Alabama's Future Farmer of the Year will receive this award. All active FFA members are eligible to be considered and a special form will be mailed to each chapter in November to be used for nominating the chapter winner.
DON TURNER

FFA Employs New News Editor

Don Turner has been employed by the Alabama FFA Association as FFA and Vo-Ag Editor. He started work September 1 with headquarters at the State FFA Office in Auburn.

Mr. Turner is a native of Lawrence County and graduated from High School at Town Creek and earned his State Farmer Degree in FFA while there. He received his degree in Agricultural Education from API in June of this year.

WINNERS of the FFA Quiz Contest the past year were Bob Helms, Grove Hill, 1st place; John Eubanks, Carrollton, 2nd; Jacky Jennington, Sulligent, 3rd; and Clatis Tew, Millry, 4th.

AT CENTER is H. C. Heerman, president, Southeast Ford Tractor Company, along with the four District Star Farmers this past year. They were Donald Allford, Boaz; Joe Carothers, Winfield; Charles Colvin, Pleasant Home; and Buddy McElroy, York.

R. N. HOSKINS, Industrial Forester, Seaboard Airline Railroad, at left, presents Wilson Lee, Bay Minette, first place award in the FFA Forestry Contest this past year. B. H. Nall, local advisor, is at center.

Bay Minette Member Has Outstanding Record In Forestry

Here is the record of the State Forestry winner, Wilson Lee of Bay Minette chapter.

Project Accomplishments:
Planted 68,000 seedlings
Improvement cut 33 acres
Thinned 25 acres
Pruned 15 acres
Hardwood control 60 acres
Control burned 50 acres
Products harvested:
25,000 board feet saw logs
110 cords pulpwood
10 cords fuel wood
but appearance is improved and the mailbox is given an attractive look.

STRAUIGHN

Members of the Straughn FFA chapter recently made a trip that was a thrill of a lifetime for most of them.

Sixteen members made the trip to Lookout Mountain, Rock City and Nashville. Mr. Woodrow Wilson, coach at Straughn, acted as advisor in place of Mr. M. C. Brand who was unable to attend.

The first day was spent traveling, with a brief stop to tour Berry College near Rome, Georgia.

The first night was spent in a hotel in Chattanooga.

The next day was spent sightseeing at Lookout Mountain and Rock City.

The third and last day of the trip was spent in Nashville where the boys attended the Grand Ole Opry.

GOSHEN

The presentation of a purebred Hampshire gilt to the Goshen FFA chapter by Sandino Gin Company recently marked another step in the continued effort of both the business concerns and the local FFA chapter toward improvement of the quality of hogs in the community.

The eighty-pound gilt was placed with Rendell Clark who will return two pigs from the first litter as payment for the animal. The pigs will then be placed with other boys on the same basis.

The addition of the Hampshire pig to the pig chain program brings the leading breeds of the community represented on FFA pig chains to three. In all the chapter has five pigs distributed among its members.

The other members having pigs are: Jimmy Carter, Richards Sanders, Gene Milton, and Jerry Barnett.

TUKEEGEE

The Tuskegee Chapter of the Future Farmers of America has launched a program to put more meat and less lard on Macon County Hogs.

First step in the program was the purchase recently of a purebred Yorkshire gilt at a cost of $100 from J. A. Bufford and Son, purebred hog breeders of Buffalo, Alabama.

This gilt is a granddaughter of the Grand Champion boar at Ohio State Fair and she is bred to the Grand Champion boar of the 1955 Alabama State Fair.

Johnny Daniel, of Fort Davis, will have charge of the gilt. He will turn over to the FFA chapter two gilts from her litter.

GREENVILLE

"Doing to Learn" is part of the motto of the Future Farmers of America. The members of the Greenville FFA chapter will really have an opportunity to put this part of the motto into practice this coming year.

The FFA chapter now owns a tractor, tiller, disc, mower and fertilizer spreader. They plan on buying other pieces of equipment as soon as chapter funds will permit.

The members also built the shed in which their equipment is stored.

HAYNEVILLE

Comer Coker, vo-ag student at Hayneville High School, is doing a good job of wildlife conservation along with his farming program.

In January he secured 1500 bicolor sesicena lespedeza plants from Mr. Hardie, his County Soil Conservation representative, and planted them as recommended. Comer did a good job of setting out his plants, fertilizing and cultivating them and has been rewarded by an exceptionally good stand of healthy plants which will furnish good quality food this fall.

Comer also has on his farm six acres of sericena lespedeza which not only furnishes good quail food and cover but also provides two or three cuttings of good quality hay each year. He has set

HAVE YOU HEARD THIS ONE?

During a lecture on science, the instructor said to one student: "This gas contains poison. What steps would you take if it escaped?"

"Long ones," came the reply.

"Any big men born around here?" asked the tourist in descending tone.

"Nope," replied the native. "Best we can do is babies. Different in the city, I suppose?"

Sarge: "Don't you know better than to point an empty gun at me?"

Private: "But this one isn't empty."

"I can't get my report card back," said the boy to his teacher. "You gave me an A in something and they're still mailing it to relatives."

Reports say jet planes have passed the speed of sound, and are fast approaching that of gossip.

Lady: "Are you a good little boy?"

Little Boy: "No, ma'am. I'm the kind of child my mother won't let me play with."

Teacher: "Now what in the world did I do with my bonnet?"

Boy: "It's behind your ear."

Teacher: "Come, come. You know I'm a busy man ... which ear?"

I used to think when I was young, all girls were sweet as pie. Now when I think of what I think, I think I think a lie.

TRAFFIC TROUBLE ... There are too many drivers who can't think as fast as their cars will go.

A formula for successful farming: Rise early, work late, and strike oil!

"Get ready to die. I'm going to shoot you."

"Why? I've never seen you before."

"I said that if I ever saw anyone who looked like me, I would shoot him."

"Do I look like you?"

"Yes."

"Shoot!"

J. C. CANNON

State Advisor Honored

The "FORESTRY BULLETIN" of the Seaboard Airline Railroad had the above photograph of Mr. Cannon on its cover for September. It also carried the following statement about Mr. Cannon:

J. C. Cannon, Alabama's state supervisor of vocational agriculture, directs an agricultural education program that is training more than 25,000 boys, young men, and adults to become efficient farmers. An Auburn graduate, Mr. Cannon has been in his chosen field since 1923. Before he was elevated to his present position in 1945, he had served as teacher of vocational agriculture, high school principal, critic vocational agriculture teacher, district supervisor of vocational agriculture, and associate supervisor of vocational agriculture.

"Realizing the importance of good forestry management and conservation to the welfare of all citizens of Alabama, and particularly the farmer, Mr. Cannon has stressed the inclusion of practical forestry instruction in the teaching programs of all teachers of vocational agriculture. Mr. Cannon, an able administrator, is held in high esteem in all Alabama educational circles and throughout the South. Through Mr. Cannon's leadership, many Future Farmers of America chapters in Alabama have established demonstration forestry plots to show the results of good forestry management. As a direct result of this emphasis on forestry, Alabama Future Farmers of America have planted more than a million seedlings each year for more than a decade, with a 1955-56 peak of 1,995,000 pine seedlings set by this group."

out approximately six acres of Kudzu on steep hills and in gullies to control erosion. He uses the Kudzu as temporary pasture when his permanent pasture is slowed down by drought.
The essay discusses the need for educational programs to improve safety in the farming community. It notes that proper habits and safety measures are crucial for preventing accidents. The text includes a list of common hazards and safety concerns in agriculture, such as improper equipment use, unsafe work conditions, and inadequate planning. The essay emphasizes the importance of educating farmers and incorporating safety measures into daily operations to prevent injuries and fatalities.
Plan Your FFA Farm Safety Campaign

Most studies of accidental deaths show that more persons are killed annually by accidents, while engaged in farming, than in any other industry. Two factors influence these findings. First, more persons are engaged in the pursuit of agriculture than in any other occupation, and second, safety rules are not enforced on the farm and they are in organized industry.

The time to be concerned about accidents is before they occur. One may be too many. Most farm accidents could have been prevented if the necessary precautionary measures had been taken.

The primary purpose of this campaign is to make farm people more "safety-minded." Emphasis will be given to locating farm hazards and removing as many of them as possible.

Procedure for Conducting the Campaign

1. Devote one chapter meeting to a discussion of common farm accidents and their causes.
2. Take a field trip to a member's home. Using the Farm Hazard Survey Sheet, make a systematic survey of the farm to locate hazards and record them.
3. When a safety hazard is located mark its identity on the back of a "Danger tag" and tie or tack the tag in a prominent location at the place of the hazard. Keep a record of the number of tags used.
4. Encourage each member to do the same on his home farm.
5. Place emphasis on the removal of hazards. The tag is not to be taken down until the hazard is removed or precautionary steps taken to lessen it. Record on the back of the tag the corrective action taken.
6. Each member will turn the tags in to a Farm Safety chairman as they are removed and will receive credit against the number originally used.
7. At the end of a specified period of time (1 to 6 months) the record of hazards removed will be evaluated.

This may be set up as a contest in which the member who most effectively removed the greatest percentage of hazards will receive the chapter FFA Foundation medal for Farm Safety for the year.

Public news releases should be made of the activities and accomplishments in this campaign.

**FFA**

"Next to creating a life, the greatest thing a man can do ... is save a life."

**OCTOBER - NOVEMBER, 1956**
66. During an electrical storm, do you avoid standing under a lone tree or near wire fences?
67. Is there drainage away from the well, and a distance of at least 100 feet to septic tank or other sewage disposal? Is the well sealed from contamination by surface water?
68. Have you learned to apply artificial respiration?

HIGHWAY
69. Do you always observe and obey highway signs and markers?
70. Do you always use the proper signals for turns and stops?
71. Do you always slow down, look and listen before crossing railroad tracks?
72. Is there good two-way vision where your own driveway enters the highway?
73. Do you always carry a light, front and rear, on any vehicle you drive on a road at night?
74. Do you always carry a light, front and rear, on any vehicle you drive on a road at night?
75. Do you keep your arms inside when driving or riding in a truck or other vehicle?
76. Do you always stop at least one car length for each 10 miles per hour behind another vehicle that you do not intend to pass?
77. Do you have your vehicle checked periodically to keep them in good condition for safe driving?
78. Do you go down steep or slippery grades in low gear?
79. Do you avoid passing another vehicle near the top of hills, or curves, or any other place where vision is obstructed?
80. Do you always make sure that no one is in the way when you reverse?
81. When walking on a road at night, do you always carry a light or wear something white?
82. When walking on a road at night, do you always make sure that no one is in the way when you reverse?
83. Do you have chimneys and stovepipes in your pockets?
84. Do you avoid smoking in and around farm buildings?
85. Do you avoid carrying loose matches in your pockets?
86. Have you eliminated weeds, brush, old lumber, and other similar fire hazards from around buildings?

Fires
87. Are lanterns hung on convenient hooks or wires?
88. Do you avoid using kerosene to start a fire?
89. Is your gasoline container painted bright red?
90. Are all gasoline containers painted bright red?
91. Are all tractor or truck motors stopped before refueling?
92. Have you approved type of fire extinguishers at building entrances and are they checked at regular intervals?
93. Are brooder houses at least 100 feet from other buildings and from each other?
94. Are cars, trucks, and tractors kept in buildings separate from barns?
95. Do you avoid burning rubbish on a windy day or near buildings or hay stacks?
96. In the absence of an organized rural fire department, do you have definite arrangements with neighbors to come with tools and ladders in case of fire?
97. Do you have chimneys and stovepipes inspected and cleaned regularly?
98. Do you avoid carrying loose matches in your pockets?
99. Do you avoid smoking in and around farm buildings?
100. Do you watch the temperature of newly stored hay?

FARM ACCIDENTS, 1962

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Accidents On The Farm
City people consider the farm a place of safety and quietness. As we look at statistics, we find that farming is the third most hazardous occupation.

Last year, the members of our chapter wrote more than 400 safety letters which were distributed to the public. We also used highway signs, with large letters. An example: one of our signs read: "It's better to be ten minutes late in this world than fifty years early in the next."

Another one reads, "Does your carelessness cause this?" A large arrow points to a grave with a tombstone at its head. A tourist stopped at a farmhouse about a quarter of a mile from the sign and asked the man who lived there why a person was buried down the highway. He was told, "there was a wreck there, and the man was killed and buried."

When he found out the tourist was in earnest and wanted to know why a man was buried there, he explained that it was part of our safety program.

Previous speakers have talked about accidents involving farm machinery, especially at night. There's another problem in which we have tried to help. Last year we purchased 400 feet of Scotch-Lite tape and applied the tape to 180 machines. We hope it will help someone prevent an accident.

Another method we believe to be a good one is the use of comic posters. I don't know whether the majority of you here still have rural schools, but back where I come from we still have quite a few of them. We deliver posters to these schools, to the grade schools and to neighbors in their community. It is a means of getting more people involved, getting children working in safety.

How many of us on our farms have livestock that have horns? Did you ever stop to think about the fact that you're betting your life, a limb, or an eye against a few cents or the little work it would take to dehorn these calves when they are young?

Another thing that would prevent many accidents in the home is attention to electrical wiring. In our vocational agriculture classes, we learn about electrical wiring, and, when we go on a home survey, we ask to see the family's electrical box to see what circuits they have. If they are not properly fixed, we have a red tag which has a skull and cross-bones on it. On every hazard we find, we leave one of these tags with written recommendations across the back. These surveys have a total of 191 common hazards that are found on a farm. Last year, we surveyed 281 farms, 211 of which we had surveyed previously.

After last year's Congress, I went home with the idea of getting not only our own chapter, but also the entire sub-district to work at safety. We now have a sub-district safety program with 11 chapters participating, involving approximately 500 members. I'm glad to say that this year it has grown to the extent that the sub-district safety council has two delegates to this year's National Safety Congress.

This year, let's see if we can reverse the saying about youth. Instead of going out and pulling foolish and dangerous tricks, let's see if we can hear the public say, "There's a generation of safe youth growing up." When we go back, let's all have a meeting devoted entirely to safety. (FFA chapter in Missouri.)

BICYCLE SAFETY

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

Conduct a series of bicycle riding skill tests on the school playground — straight line riding, circle riding, weaving among obstacles, etc.

Have a group of pupils check the safety features of a bicycle. Let students explain what needs adjusting in order to make a bicycle fit riders of different heights.

Discuss with the class or a panel the safe practices which pupils have worked out for bicycling between home and school.

Review with pupils the local rules and regulations for bicycle riding.

Demonstrate the use of bicycle racks and other facilities and practices on school grounds used to safeguard younger children in the vicinity.
Every day of one of us has a direct stake. If the farm youth of America would devote their customary enthusiasm and energy to this problem, it could very well become in a few years as nearly extinct as a jar of whipping cream.

This, fellow delegates is the problem of the ghost, Mr. Accident, on the farms of America. It is a nightmare to thousands of mothers and farm wives. It's a nightmare to 1,300,000 unfortunate victims of who last year thought, "It can't happen to me." But it did!

You see, Mr. Accident operates especially well in rural areas because less has been done to combat him there. Until just a few years ago, the farm was thought a haven of safety. It has been acclaimed as a calm, quiet, secure life free from the dangers of factories, business streets, and highways.

But what is actually happening? Each year, thousands of American farm people are killed and injured by some queer quirk of fate which, in most cases, a little education in farm safety could have prevented. Yes, fellow delegates, most rural homes are dangerous places in which to live.

I would like to cite an example of what we found on West Virginia farms when we worked on a community improvement project and checked for hazards. Members in West Virginia located some 20,000 hazards on only a very small number of farms. Think of the job that really needs to be done in our state!

How can an FFA chapter have a really successful program of activities unless they have a definite place in their program for a community improvement project? Yet, many fine farm youth organizations, including FFA, FHA, Boy Scouts, 4-H, and church organizations, do not have an active safety program.

Perhaps you wonder why this is so. I would like to present to you several reasons why I believe that more of these clubs do not promote safety work in our communities.

The first of these is that boys and girls just have not been presented with the opportunity and educational background, and do not understand how badly a safety program is needed. I would like to discuss what you as delegates can do when you get back home to promote safety in your community.

The old saying, "Enthusiasm begets enthusiasm," is certainly true. For enthusiasm which is coming directly from a conviction that a job needs to be done is a lot like the heat of a glowing fire on a cold day. It warms everyone who comes near, but before the fuel can warm others, it must first catch fire. This is also true of safety campaigns. The leader must show his enthusiasm before he can instill it in other members.

Back home, a speech class teacher told me that every person in the world is a salesman. Not all of us consider ourselves salesmen, but I believe we are. We don't think of a doctor as a salesman, but he must sell himself to his patients. A preacher must sell his ideas to his congregation. In the job of selling your safety campaign, nothing succeeds like enthusiasm.

Another necessary quality you must develop in your fellow officers and club members is the will to achieve. "The will to achieve" is a phrase which indicates a strong and determined purpose -- a "keep-on-trying" attitude. Through the centuries, it has been responsible for all of man's progress. You know the difference between an average club and an outstanding one. You know the difference between an average club president and an enthusiastic, hard-working leader. One tries to get out of everything he can; the other assumes responsibilities for the leadership of his club. One is content to dream and drift, and finally fizzles out like a burned-out firecracker. He is content with average progress, with little action and small results. Contrast such a leader with a forceful and determined boy or girl who has seen that his or her community is a harbor of thousands of dangerous hazards to human life and limb, and who has developed a plan of action. (FFA member in West Virginia.)
**You Can Have Safe Bull Pen**

Don't take chances with a potential killer.

No bull is safe regardless of how gentle he may be. The so-called gentle bull is too often the one which acts at unexpected moments, gores someone to death or inflicts serious injury. A well constructed bull pen enables any bull to be handled with safety.

With a well planned bull pen, the attendant should never be exposed to an animal that may suddenly get the urge to kill. Shelter, feed, water, exercise, and breeding facilities can be provided so it is not necessary to come in contact with a bull.

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**Same Old Story**

"Accidents are caused." That's a phrase you've probably heard and read hundreds of times. Maybe you're just plain fed up with hearing it over and over again. But have you ever given it any thought and considered all its implications?

Accidents are caused by human faults. Consider that. Accidents are caused by lack of knowledge or training, fatigue, recklessness, stubbornness, haste, laziness, failure to provide adequate safeguards.

Such human faults can be corrected and accidents can be prevented — by you.

In the old days if anyone missed a stage coach he was content to wait a day or two for the next one. Now, he lets out a squawk if he misses one section of a revolving door.

Too many people are in a hurry these days, and for no particular reason. They're just caught up in the whizzy, whirlly ways of the modern world, which cause people to run to catch buses, dash across streets when they don't have the walk sign, to rush through a job so they won't miss a coffee break. Haste makes waste, sure. But haste makes broken bodies, too.

Slow down and live! At work, at play, on the highway, at home. That doesn't mean loafing or letting things slide. It does mean applying calm, sure, safe and steady habits and attitudes in everything you do.

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**Save Your Eyes**

Eyesight is priceless, eye protection is cheap. Those big baby blues of yours need a lot of protecting, because eye hazards are numerous as people complaining about the heat.

For instance . . .

You may be grinding, when bits of metal from the work and particles of carborundum from the grinding wheel shoot out at you with bullet-like speed.

You may be welding without goggles, and the ultra-violet rays seriously burn your eyes without you ever realizing it.

You may be drilling, when small particles of metal or wood are hurled into your eyes from the spinning drill.

You may be using an air hose, and a blast of air sends dust and fine particles sailing toward your face.

You may be chopping, when pieces of chipped metal or paint fly into your eyes, or the chisel cracks and sends a sliver of steel into your face, or an off-center blow sends the chisel itself flying out of control.

Wear eye protection — your insurance against eye injury.

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**Tractor Accidents Can Happen To You**

America leads the world in mechanized agriculture. Tractors by the thousands operate faithfully and efficiently in fields throughout the country. Some are old and dull; some are new and shiny. Altogether there are more than 2,000,000 of them and they play a vital role in making America the greatest producer of food and fiber.

American farmers point with pride to their tractors except when an accident has sabotaged the savings and pleasure the tractor has brought to its owner.

An accident seldom hurts the tractor much. It hurts the operator, his family, his friends, his pocketbook and his food production. Death or lifelong disability are frequent consequences. Sometimes it means a farm has to be sold or abandoned.

Tractor operators, like American automobile drivers, who drive the world's best cars, are piling up a shameful record of needless tragedies. Manufacturers are trying to make tractors safe but they cannot make them foolproof.

Good judgment is all that is necessary to prevent tractor accidents. It is easy to avoid tragedy. Just be on the alert and practice safety!

Tractors are used more than most other farm machinery. There are also more accidents with tractors than any other piece of farm equipment. In some states 75 per cent of the recent fatal accidents with farm machinery involved tractors. These accidents seem to fall into four main classes: (1) overturning, (2) falls, (3) power takeoff entanglement, and (4) a miscellaneous group with a wide variety of causes summarized by the safety rules listed below.

**Tractor Safety Rules**

1. Before starting a tractor see that gear-shift lever is in neutral. When crank-
ing tractor, place thumb and fingers on same side of crank.

2. Always drive tractor carefully, avoid excessive speed, holes, ditches or other obstructions, reduce speed when turning, and use extra care on hillsides, rough ground or highways.

3. Engage clutch gently, especially when pulling uphill, out of ditches or heavy loads.

4. To reduce speed or stop always brake wheels equally (use brake connecting latch if provided).

5. Always keep power line shielding in place and stop power take-off before dismounting from tractor.

6. Never allow extra riders on tractor.

7. Be careful refilling radiator on overheated tractor or with pressure cooling system.

8. Avoid refueling or other service work while tractor is running or extremely hot.

9. Do not operate a tractor in a closed building or where exhaust will contact flammable material.

10. Stay on seat while tractor is in motion, never dismount until it stops.

11. Always hitch to tractor drawbar, especially heavy loads.

12. Keep tractor in gear going down steep hills or grades.

13. Always stop tractor before removing or replacing a belt.

14. It is dangerous to let children operate tractors.

15. Keep tractor platform, pedals, foot rests, steps, etc., free of dirt, grease, trash or other tripping hazards.

16. Keep tractor in good mechanical condition. Check brakes, clutch, lights, fuel line and control mechanism frequently.

17. Be careful coupling implements to tractor. (Special hitches or a hook to handle drawbar make hitching safer and easier with light pull behind equipment.)

18. Avoid wearing loose, sloppy clothing while operating tractor.

19. Observe standard traffic signals when operating on public highways.

20. See that everyone is in the clear before starting a tractor.

21. Use lights for night operation, don't operate in the dark.

22. Use wide wheel treads whenever possible.

Farm Safety Awards

STATE AWARDS
1st - $250 and Chapter Banner.
2nd - $150 and Chapter Banner.
3rd - $100 and Chapter Banner.
4th - $100 and Chapter Banner.

NATIONAL AWARDS
1st - $250 and three Regional awards of $200 each.

Let's Hunt Safely

You probably have heard the old phrase "Guns are Dangerous." Well, they are. So are automobiles, loose rugs on polished floors, baseball bats and boats. As in everything else, there's a right way and a wrong way to handle firearms.

There were approximately 2,350 deaths due to firearms during 1950. Seven times as many males were killed as females. The highest death rate was among boys and men 15 to 24 years of age.

About one-third of all the fatal accidental shootings, in 1950, occurred in connection with hunting trips. The principal circumstances involved in both fall and spring seasons.

1. Persons mistaken for game or stepping into the line of fire.

2. Striking gun against ground or other objects when hunter stumbled or fell.

3. Carrying loaded guns while climbing over obstacles or walking through brush.

4. Pulling loaded guns, muzzle first, through a fence.

5. Lifting loaded guns from automobiles, boats, or other vehicles.

A Man You Can Count On—

... for DEPENDABLE

Products and Service!

To thousands of southern farm homes, the Standard Oil man is a welcome visitor. Three generations have found they can depend on the quality of the fuels and lubricants he supplies... on his friendly, helpful service... on his prompt delivery of products when they are needed.

Call your nearest Standard Oil plant and ask the Standard Oil man to drop by. Find out for yourself why Standard Oil products continue first in popularity on southern farms after 70 years of service.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(KENTUCKY)
Safe Farm Driveways Are Important

Annual traffic toll includes 6,000 farm residents killed, 200,000 hurt. Farm driveways are the cause of many of these accidents.

Farm driveway layouts present serious traffic hazards on many farms. Frequently the driveway is flanked with trees, bushes or crops, making it impossible for motorists to see farm vehicles entering the highway, but attractive landscaping can be achieved without the use of hazardous, view-obstructing plantings.

Spray And Dust Safety

1. Always read the label before using sprays or dusts. Note warnings and caution each time before opening the container.
2. Keep sprays and dusts out of the reach of children, pets and irresponsible people. They should be stored outside of the home and away from food and feed.
3. Always store sprays and dusts in original containers and keep them tightly closed. Never keep them in anything but the original container.
4. Never smoke while spraying or dusting.
5. Avoid inhaling sprays or dusts.

When directed on the label, wear protective clothing and masks.
6. Do not spill sprays or dusts on the skin or clothing. If they are spilled, remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash thoroughly.
7. Wash hands and face and change to cleaning cloth after spraying or dusting. Also wash clothing each day before reuse.
8. Cover food and water containers when treating around livestock or pet areas. Do not contaminate fish ponds.
9. Use separate equipment for applying hormone-type herbicides in order to avoid accidental injury to susceptible plants.
10. Always dispose of empty containers so that they pose no hazard to humans, animals, or valuable plants.
11. Observe label directions and cautions to keep residues on edible portions of plants within the limits permitted by law.
12. If symptoms of illness occur during or shortly after spraying or dusting, call a physician or get the patient to a hospital immediately.

Farm Safety Services

Here's the material that can help you in your program to cut farm accidents.

To meet the needs of groups and individuals who serve agriculture in various fields, the National Safety Council offers an Annual Farm Safety Service consisting of carefully selected materials and helps.

By subscribing to this service annually, you become a member of the National Safety Council, thus enabling you to keep up with farm safety developments. You receive a complete working kit of the latest and best farm safety materials.

FARM SAFETY SERVICE
$3.00 per year

- Farm Safety Review - monthly magazine
- Accident Facts - annual statistical summary
- National Directory of Safety Films
- Transactions, Farm Safety Sessions, National Safety Congress
- Set of materials for Spring Clean-Up Campaign
- Set of materials for National Farm Safety Week
- Set of Farm Fire Prevention leaflets


The National Safety Council also has available for distribution, Safety Films, bulletins, filmstrips, posters, leaflets and many other services of this nature. Write them for a list of these services.
ALEXANDER CITY—making plans for coming year; held special officials meeting; entered county dairy cattle judging contest; made plans for mailbox program.

ALICEVILLE—selling magazines; attended sheep meeting and tractor demonstration; getting chapter bull ready for State Fair; ordered 6 magazine subcriptions for all members; lowered concessions at ball games; training officers.

ARMMORE—placed 4 pigs in pig chain; elected officers; held joint barbecue with FFA; 26 boys went on camping trip; initiated 91 members; sponsored magazine drive.

ATTALLA—held officers training school; collected dues; ordered FFA notebooks; have 5 new members; plan program for year; appointed committees.

AUBURN—24 new members; working on program of work; plan to build 26 mailbox posts; quartet holding daily practices; string band held 2 practices.

BERRY—elected officers; have 27 Green Hands; discussed securing road signs to be erected; selling subscriptions to Farm and Ranch magazine; hung Chapter Charter on wall.

BLOUNTSVILLE—purchased toyel dispenser for shop; sold cold drinks and popcorn at ball games; all members subscribed to National Future Farmer magazine; held natonai Future Farmer magazine; held weiner roast.

BOLE SPRINGS—held officers training meeting; planned program of work; visited FFA crop projects; member and advisor attended forestry camp.

BOAZ—elected officers for new year; planned initiation for 19 new members; sold calendars; received new banners.

BRANTLEY—corn crop averaged 72 bushels per acre; all ag students are FFA members; finance committee selling ads on FFA calendar; planned social with FHA.

CAMDEN—held two regular meetings; all members subscribed to National Future Farmer magazine; plan rat poison campaign; plan to purchase new Chapter room station markers; making plans for mailbox drive.

CAMP HILL—14 new members; plan to build mailbox stands for each home represented; raised $100 from sponsors; sold calendars; received new banners.

CANTON—held 2 officers meetings; planned regular schedule for meetings; pig chain committee selected boy to receive Sears gift; making plans to raise money to buy shop equipment; string band practicing; collecting dues from last year FFA boys and have set our goal for 100 per cent membership.

COTTAGE GROVE—planned regular meetings; mailboxes in the RED HAT herd are non-registered Holsteins and Guernseys and were purchased from average commercial herds. They vary in age from three to nine years.

RED HAT DAIRY HERD produces 3 times Southeast average during 315 day milking period.

2,249 lbs. of milk in 315 days! That's the average of all the cows at the RED HAT Research Farm... nearly 3 times the normal average for the Southeast! The cows in the RED HAT herd are non-registered Holsteins and Guernseys and were purchased from average commercial herds. They vary in age from three to nine years.

RED HAT users throughout the Southeast get similar results. Herds fed RED HAT Dairy Feeds give more milk at lower cost because they have a proper diet. High quality RED HAT Dairy Feeds provide the proper food elements, combined in exactly the right proportion to efficiently and economically supplement varied types of roughage. RED HAT keeps your cows in condition to produce at capacity... to give maximum milk at minimum cost.

Use the RED HAT Dairy Feed that BEST supplements the roughage available to your cows!

RED HAT CALF MILK REPLACER: for the dairyman who has a good market for his whole milk, but still wants to raise his replacement calves.

RED HAT CALF FEED: to be fed to the young growing calf up to 15 weeks of age.

FITTING FEED: to be fed under the following conditions:

A. To the dry and freshening cow.
B. To the growing calf after 15 weeks of age.
C. To test cows.

RED HAT 17%, 18%, 20% and 24% DAIRY FEEDS: These milk producing feeds are designed to be fed to cows during the lactation period. The level of protein to use depends primarily on the type of roughage being fed.

C. RED HAT 32% DAIRY SUPPLEMENT: For the dairyman who has a good supply of home grown grains, 32% Dairy Supplement should be mixed in proper amounts to give the desired level of protein to properly supplement his roughage.

Your Local Dealer Can Tell You How the RED HAT Dairy Feeding Program will pay you Big Dividends!
three rows in pig chain to be rotated: held officer training meeting; 2 pigs being topped.

FORD - elected officers; bought registered duroc sow and started pig chain; held officer training meeting; 10 pigs topped in pig chain; ordered FFA manual; bought new type saw for shop; made plans to fix mailbox program off to good start; put jar ge of mailboxes for chapter to use.

GREENVILLE—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

HUNTSVILLE—held regular monthly meeting; planned to fix mailbox program; put jar ge of mailboxes for chapter to use.

JACKSON—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

LAFAYETTE—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

LEHIGH—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

LIVINGSTON—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

MAYNARD—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

MCFARLAND—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

MOUNTAIN VIEW—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

NORTHPORT—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

PARKS—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

PERRY—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

PERKINS—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

PINE GROVE—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

RED BAY—planned program of work; ordered official secretary and treasurer books; initiated 22 Green Hands; held officer training meeting; ordered FFA manual; ordered new station markers.

RIVERVIEW—held 3 chapter meetings and 3 officer training meetings; held 2 meetings of initiation committee and initiated 14 Green Hands; purchased 24 manila envelopes for FFA manual.

ROGERS—held first meeting; going to get 6 new members; ordered 2 office sets for chapter; entry to State Fair; purchased 2 office sets for chapter; entry to State Fair; purchased 2 office sets for chapter; entry to State Fair.

ROGERSVILLE—added 2 pigs to pig chain; saved 2 new table saw; making plans for year's work; planning trip; made $186 selling drinks at alligator races; made plans to order a good type of saw for shop.

SILK —held educational trip to Day­ tona Beach, Florida; held officer training meeting; made plans to order a good type of saw for shop; had ice cream supper; initiated 12 Green Hands.

SILVER —held officer training meeting; gave new goals for chapter; working on next year's projects.

SIX MILE—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

 SOUTH GARDEN—hired 20 pig chain members; ordered 35 new members; 20 at attendence.

THOMASVILLE—made plans for monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; ordered 4 Officier jackets.

TRION—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

UNION—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

VANCE—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

VIBORG—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

VILANO—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

WINSLOW—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

WWW—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

YAZOO CITY—held regular monthly meeting; made plans for exhibit at State Fair; planned trip to State Fair; elected new officers; 100 at attendence.

Next to creating a life, the greatest thing
man can do... is save a life.
—Abraham Lincoln